## Our Ultimate End Goal:

## What will our historians to be able to do when they leave us?

By the end of their time at West Park C of E Primary School our Year 6 historians will have developed a deep and broad knowledge of local, British and world history. The children will be equipped with the skills that will enable them to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments and develop perspective and judgement. They will understand the historical concepts of chronology, change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and the significance of events and their impact on the future. They will use historical terms and vocabulary accurately and effectively. They will know how to use a wide range of historical sources to enable them to research their own lines of enquiry. Historical learning experiences at West Park School will inspire our childrens' curiosity to know more about the past and instill in them a positive attitude to learning. They will take away with them a respect for diversity, social responsibility and a sense of how events from the past have shaped their future.

## Curriculum Coverage (NC)

What are the most basic requirements from the National Curriculum? Local history will be inter-woven where relevant through Learning Experiences.

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Emerging	Changes within living memory	Events beyond living memory	Changes in Britain from	Britain's settlement by	Ancient Greece - a study of	A study of an aspect or
<u>(</u> 3 and 4 year olds <u>)</u>	- where appropriate, these	that are significant	the Stone Age to the Iron	Anglo-Saxons and Scots	Greek life and achievements	theme in British history tha
Begin to make sense of		nationally or globally	Age.			extends pupils' chronologica
their own life story and	aspects of change in national	The Great Fireof		5 5	western world.	knowledge beyond 1066
family's history.	life	London.		struggle for the Kingdom of		(Victorians and WW2)
Compare and contrast			theme in British history that	-	A local history study Ellen	
	,	-	extends pupils' chronological	Edward the Confessor	Chapman (Worthing)	4
including figures from		individuals in the past who	knowledge beyond 1066			A non-European society that
the past.	Significant historical events,	have contributed to national	(Stone Age/Skara Brae)		<b>T</b>	provides contrasts with
	noonlo and placed in their	and international	The achievements of the	The Roman Empire and its	•	British history -Mayan civilization c. AD
	uun laaaliteu	achievements <mark>(</mark> Rosa Parkes	earliest civilizations -Ancient	impact on Britain (Iron Age	Groovy Greeks	civilization c. AD
	Anundal Castla	1913-2005) Emily Davison	Egypt.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Topics
		1872–1913) Mary Seacole	577		votes for women	ropics
ople around them and their les in society • Know some	Topics	(1805-1881) Florence				
		Nightingale (1820-1910)	)	Topics		Maya Civilisation
		Edith Cavell (1865-1915)	Topics	lopics		
in the past	Castles	Topics	Swords and Stones	Raiders and Invaders		Bullets Bombs and Bunting
d now, drawing on their						
periences and what has		The Great Fire of London	The Egyptians	Roaming Romans		All the worlds a stage
en read in class.				5		
		Amazing Women who				
iderstand the past through		changed the world				
ttings, characters and		-				
ents encountered in books						
ad in class and storytelling.						

Topics			
Who are my family? Ready, steady celebrate! Traditional Tales Animals around us Buckets and spades			

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<ul> <li>Beginning to:-</li> <li>develop a chronological understanding. (long ago and now)</li> <li>understand that things change over time</li> <li>look at differences between objects from the past and now</li> <li>show an interest in the past</li> <li>use common words and phrases related to thepassing of time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sequence photog periods of their</li> <li>Match objects to</li> <li>Recognise the dif present in their of</li> <li>Compare adults the reliable are their</li> <li>Know and recount the past</li> <li>Use stories to diffiction</li> <li>Find answers to so from sources of</li> <li>Show knowledge past in different writing, talking.</li> <li>Sequence 3 or 4 different periods</li> <li>Understand how chronological time</li> <li>Year 2</li> <li>Recognise why pe happened and wh</li> <li>Identify different different times</li> <li>Compare pictures events in the past</li> <li>Discuss reliabilitities</li> <li>Sequence photog periods</li> <li>Find answers to so from sources of</li> </ul>	es of key events in their lives raphs etc. from different ife people of different ages ference between past and own and others lives alking about the past - how memories? • episodes from stories about stinguish between fact and imple questions about the past nformation e.g. artefacts and understanding about the ways: role play, drawing, artefacts from distinctly s of time beople and events fit on a eline ople did things, why events at happened as a result nees between ways of life at ns of a past event or photographs of people or t of photos/ accounts/stories ries and recounts about the grams and write about them to people, objects and events raphs from different time imple questions about the past nformation eg artefacts of photos/accounts/stories reaphs from different time	<ul> <li>Use dates and and passing of</li> <li>Sequence seve</li> <li>Find out about studied</li> <li>Compare with</li> <li>Identify rease actions</li> <li>Understand wi something</li> <li>Identify and g which the past</li> <li>Distinguish be compare diffe</li> <li>Look at represe museum, cartor</li> <li>Use a range of period</li> <li>Observe small</li> <li>Select and rease study</li> <li>Begin to use the research</li> <li>Year 4</li> <li>Place events from Use terms related date events</li> <li>Understand moni- Use evidence to Identify key fe studied</li> <li>Look for links a</li> <li>Offer a reasona events</li> <li>Look at the evid Begin to evaluate sources</li> <li>Use text books</li> </ul>	studied on a time line terms related to the study unit time ral events or artefacts everyday lives of people in time our life today ins for and results of people's my people may have wanted to do ive reasons for different ways in is represented tween different sources - rent versions of the same story entations of the period - ons etc sources to find out about a details - artefacts, pictures ford information relevant to the me library and internet for on period studied on time line ed to the period and begin to the complex terms eg BC/AD reconstruct life in time studied atures and events of time and effects in time studied able explanation for some	<ul> <li>Use relevant terms</li> <li>Make comparisons to the past</li> <li>Study different asy differences betwee</li> <li>Examine causes and the impact on peopl</li> <li>Compare life in earl</li> <li>Compare accounts of sources - fact or fither Offer some reasons events</li> <li>Begin to identify present detailed firher</li> <li>Present detailed firher</li> <li>Present detailed firher</li> <li>Present detailed firher</li> <li>Shows awareness of</li> <li>Use dates and term</li> <li>Year 6</li> <li>Place current study other studies</li> <li>Use relevant dates</li> <li>Sequence up to 10 e</li> <li>Find out about belief characteristics of preveryone shares the Compare beliefs and studied</li> <li>Write another expli- terms of cause and support and illustra</li> <li>Know key dates, cho studied</li> </ul>	between different times in bects of different people - in men and women results of great events and e y and late 'times' studied f events from different ction s for different versions of imary and secondary source ld up a picture of a past tions of information internet for research with ce ical skills by that a naudience. s correctly. on time line in relation to and terms events on a time line

<ul> <li>Choose relevant material to present a picture of one aspect of life in time past</li> <li>Ask a variety of questions</li> <li>Use the library and internet for research</li> <li>Present findings about the past using speaking writing, maths (data handling), ICT, drama and</li> <li>drawing skills.</li> <li>Use dates and subject specific words such as monarch, settlement, invader accurately.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>interpretations - fact or fiction and opinion</li> <li>Be aware that different evidence will lead to different conclusions</li> </ul>
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	NOWLEDGE - What k	, ,		hefere and manages		a
EYFS	we want to emphasise: Year 1	Year 2	De Duilt on What Went Year 3	Vear 4	Vear 5	s coming next? Year 6
	Changes within living	Events beyond living	Changes in Britain	The Roman Empire	Ancient Greece - a	A study of an aspect
<u>Autumn 1</u>	memory - where	memory that are	from the Stone Age	and its impact on	study of Greek life	or theme in British
<u>Who are my family?</u>	appropriate, these should	significant			and achievements	history that extends
<u>Emerging</u> (3 and 4 year olds)	be used to reveal aspects		to the Iron Age.	<u>Britain -</u>		
Us und + yeur blus	of change in national life	nationally or globally	Stone Age -	*Roman Britain was just part of the Roman Empire	and their influence	pupils' chronological
their own life-story and		<ul> <li>The GreatFire of</li> </ul>	Palaeolithic to 10,000BC/BCE Mesolithic to 4000BC/BCE	*55 and 54BC Julius Caesar	<u>on the western</u>	<u>knowledge beyond</u>
family's history.		<u>London.</u>	Neolithic to 2300BC/BCE	lands and leaves Britain	<u>World.</u>	<u> 1066. – Wars</u>
ELG	History of Toys	*The Great Fire of London	Bronze Age 2300to	*60-61 AD Boudicca rebellion	*1200BC The Trojan War	
Talk about the lives of	Toy Museum Workshop from	started on the 2 <sup>nd</sup>	800BC	*Chichester was a Roman	begins	WW2
people around them and their	Worthing Museum	September1666 *The fire of London started		town	*776BC The First Olympic	*1066AD The Battle of
roles in society. • Know some	*Lost in the Toy Museum	in the Bakery in Pudding Lane	Iron Age 800BC to	Fishbourne Roman Palace	Games *500BC Democracy is	Hastings was fought on
similarities and differences	(book). Understand that toys	*Houses in London were built	43AD	(visit)	founded in Athens	14October between the
between things in the past	were different in the past and	of wood and were very close	*Early Stone Age Man lived in small nomadic family groups	*430AD The Romans leave Britain	*480BC The Golden or	Norman-French army of
and now, drawing on their	have evolved overtime.	together so the fire spread	and were hunter gatherers	Britan	Classical age of Greece begins	William, the Duke of
experiences and what has	*Changes in toys over time	rapidly *Samuel Pepys wrote a	*During the Neolithic period	Britain's Settlement	*146BC Rome Conquers Greece	Normandy, and an English army under the Anglo-Saxon
been read in class.	compare to parents, grandparents.	famous diary and it records	became farmers	by the Anglo-Saxons	breece	King Harold Godwinson,
Focus preserving memories	*Link to West Park School toys	events of the time	*3000Bc Stonehenge was built		Significant	beginning the Norman
about the past using photos,	played with in playground 70	Sir Christopher Wren	*Stone age man used tools	and Scots	historical events,	conquest of England
	years ago.	designed the monument which commemorates the Fire of	*Stone Age man lived in	*450 AD Anglo Saxon		*1642-1651 English Civil War *WW1 or the Great War
comparing differences and	Chronological order (timeline)	London.	houses	migration – Jutes, Angles and Saxons came from Denmark,	people and places in	1914-1918
similarities of themselves as			<u>The achievements of</u>	Germany and the Netherlands	<u>their own locality -</u>	*WW2 - 1939- 1945, a global
baby to current day.		The lives of	<u>the earliest</u>	*The 7 kingdoms were	Suffragettes A local	war
	Significant historical	significant	civilisations - an	Northumbria, Mercia, East	study of Worthing.	4 Funanaan
Autumn 2	events, people and	individuals in the	overview of where	Anglia, Wessex, Essex,		<u>A non-European</u>
Ready, steady celebrate!	places in their own	past who have	and when the first	Sussex and Kent *The Scots came from		society that provides
,•	locality- Arundel Castle		civilisations and an in	Ireland and migrated to		<u>contrasts with</u>
Emerging	locality- Arander castle	contributed to		whatis now called Scotland		<u>British history -</u>
(3 and 4 year olds)	*Arundel Castle was built at <b>the</b>	national and	depth study of	The Viking and		early Islamic
Comment on images of	end of the 11th century by	<u>international</u>	<u>Egypt.</u>	Anglo-Saxon		civilization, including
familiar situations in the	Roger de Montgomery, Earl of	<u>achievements (Rosa</u>	*The four early civilisations -	struggle for the		Baghdad c.AD900
past <b>ELG</b>	Arundel.	Parkes1913 /Emily	Ancient Egypt, Ancient	Kingdom of England		Maya Civilization
Know some similarities and	*Castles have important features for defense	Davison 1872)	Sumer, The Indus Valley, The Shang Dynasty of Ancient			
differences between things	*There were many job roles	English focus	China.	to the time of		*637 Islam spreads to Persia,
	within the castle:	Linghan Locua	*3150BC Recognised beginning	Edward the		Palestine, Syria, Lebanon, Irag and Egypt
on their experiences	*Knights had special armour and	* <u>Rosa Parkes 1913-2005</u>	of Ancient Egypt as a	<u>Confessor</u> .		*786 Caliph Harun al-Rashid
Remembrance (CBeebies	weapons. Role of Duke of Norfolk	*On December 1 <sup>st</sup> 1955	civilisation *Ancient Egyptian	*793AD Vikings raid		establishes the House of
Remembers and talks about	Timeline	Rosa was told to give up	civilisationgrew up around	Lindisfarne *King Alfred of Wessex from		Wisdom in Baghdad
significant events in their		her seat for a white	the Nile*2686 -2181 BC The	871-889AD		*864 Al-Razi is born. He is considered to be the fatherof
own experience eg weddings,		person but refused. She	Pyramidbuilders	*Athelstan is the first King to		clinical and experimental
birthays.		was arrested.	*Ancient Egyptian writing - hieroglyph	unite the English Kingdoms		medicine*973 Al-Biruni is born
		*The bus boycott lasted		927Ad		went on to measure the

Cranina 2	T	f 201 days	*The rulers of Egypt were	*King Cnut is King of England,	circumferenceof the world
Spring 2		for 381 days.	called Pharaohs	Denmark and Norway between	*1099 Al-Idrisi is born.
Traditional Tales		Emily Davidan (1972-1012)	*1336BC Tutankhamen	1028-1035	Wenton to produce a world
Emerging		Emily Davison (1872-1913) She thought that it was	becomes Pharaoh	*Edward the Confessor	map forthe Norman King
(Children in Reception)		unfair that women could		becomes king in 1042 AD and	Roger " of Sicily
Compare and contrast		not vote.		dies in 1066AD	
characters from stories,		She joined the			
including figures from the					
past		suffragettes She died by walking onto a racecourse			
(ELG)		in front of the kings			
Understand the past through		horse.			
settings, characters and		Edith Cavell (1865-1919)			
events encountered in books		Trained nurse who worked			
read in class and storytelling		in WW1			
Use fairytales eg Cinderella		Treated wounded soldiers			
to compare kitchens in past		Arrested and shot			
to modern day. Discuss role		Florence Nightingale			
of monarchy.		(1820-1910)			
Animals Around Us		Nurse Crimea War			
ELG		'Lady with lamp'			
Know some similarities and		Started first nurse			
differences between things		training in world			
in the past and now,		Mary Seacole (1805-1881)			
		British Jamaican			
Comparing farm machines		Travelled to many			
then and now use of animals		, countries to nurse			
and technology used now.		wounded soldiers			
Buckets and Spades					
<u>ELG</u>					
Know some similarities and					
differences between things					
in the past and now, drawing					
on their experiences and					
what has been read in class					
*Queen Victoria's Bathing					
machine (book). Worthing					
Museum loan of seaside box					
Understand that Worthing					
seaside has changed over time. Know that Queen Vistoria was an					
Know that Queen Victoria was an important person who changed					
History.					

They will know what is happening in different parts of the world at similar times to what is happening in Britain. They will understand how events are linked to one another both historically and geographically. They will question the validity of historical resources and white Eurocentric accounts. What key vocabulary will our historians need? Vocabulary is important because it embodies and communicates concepts. It will be continually revisited throughout all year groups.

revisited throughou	, , ,	Vec: 2	Vect 2	Necia A	Vec: 5	Vecial
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Key history Vocab - A long time ago, same, different, change people, lives <u>Content specific vocab-</u> Past/now/today, modern, old, new, yesterday, about meet, memory, grandparent	<u>Key history Vocab</u> - History, significant, timeline, order, classify, compare, similar/different, fact/opinion, artefact, event, source, evidence, changes, invention, question, cause, consequence, reason, connections, century/decade, within living memory, beyond living memory, different time periods, sequence of events, chronological, artefacts, diary, timeline, continuity, change		<u>Key history Vocab -</u> Chronological, millennium, century/ decade BC/ BCE AD/ CE, era, time period, similarities differences Prehistoric evidence, primary/secondary sources, ancient, modern, archaeology, archaeologist, contrasts, influence, significant, impact. Words linked to the local area: Roman roads - names		<u>Key history Vocab</u> – Cause and effect, propaganda, bias, society, empire, point of view, objectivity, subjectivity, consequences, legacy, Modern British Values, laws.	
Historical skills Vocab - The senses - touch smell, see, hear Discuss, question, find out, the same as, differences, compare, change <u>General -</u> Order, compare	Tier 2 Vocabulary: Y1: Topic, issue, assess, Y2: vary, assume, concept, revolution, category (Source: Towngate Primary Academy)		Tier 2 Vocabulary: Y3: Transport, distribute, abandon, establish, accompany Y4: reside, concept, relevant, crucial, bias, hierarchy, exceed, mutual, ethic, violate, temporary, ignorance, (Source: Towngate Primary Academy)		Tier 2 Vocabulary: Y5: military, federal, priority, commence, controversy Y6: denote, liberal, discriminate, subsequent, prohibit, integrity, preliminary (Source: Towngate Primary Academy)	
Content Topic specific	Content specific vocab-	Content Topic specific	Content specific vocab-	Content specific vocab-		A non-European society
vocab-	Changes within living	vocab-	Changes from the	Roman Empire and	Content specific vocab	that provides
Who are my family? My life story, memory, family tree	<u>memory -</u> change in national life, parents grandparents, great	<u>Toys through the ages</u> : diablo, whip and top, croquet, skipping rope,	<u>Stone Age to Iron Age</u> <u>Britain</u> Stone Age, Bronze	impact on Britain Roman Empire invasion, conquest,	<u>-Ancient Greece</u> Greece, Europe, ancient, modern,	<u>contrasts with British</u> <u>history</u> –
<u>Ready, steady celebrate!</u> Remembrance	grandparents, lifetimes, way of life, home life, transport, materials,	skittles, Jacob's ladder, marble, hopscotch, blow football, similar, different,	Age, Iron Age, Settlement, temporary, permanent,	chariots, weapons, shields, gladiator, slave, citizen, soldier,	civilisations, pre- Christianity / Pagan, western world,	<u>Context specific</u> <u>vocab- Maya</u> <u>civilization</u> :
Traditional Tales	leisure, houses homes, consequence,	change, continuity, decade, material, artefact	Palaeolithic hunter- gatherer, Mesolithic,	emperor, coliseum, amphitheatre, villa,	Democracy, forum, legacy, philosophy, sulture, way tablet	Civilisation, Mesoamerica, Maya,
Buckets and Spades Bathing machines	sequence of events, timeline, artefacts, order,compare	<u>Castles:</u> Moat,Battlements, Keep, Drawbridge,Portcullis, Outer/inner defences,	Neolithic - early farmers / farming, Skara Brae, Stonehenge, hill forts	baths, settlements, toga, mosaic, myths, gods, culture, Fishbourne Roman	culture, wax tablet, stylus, forum, Olympic games, Athens, Parthenon, Acropolis,	artefact, temple, cacao, maize, Pok-a- tok, culture, gods, Tikal, ruins,
	Chundes Devond Invind	Turrets, Towers (inner and outer), Gatehousesand barbicans, Baileys or wards. Armour-helmet, chain mail, lance.sword.,siege,Servant, Knight,Cook,Priest, Soldier,Gong farmer Arrow slit	tribal kingdoms, tools,	Palace, Boudicca, rebellion	Sparta, city states, myth, mythical creatures, gods, goddesses, warrior, Mount Olympus, Aegean Sea,	observatory, jaguar, codex, trade, agriculture, crops, raw materials, jade, hierarchy, society, culture, architecture, scribes, labourers

opinion, century, decade	<u>Context specific vocab</u> -Egyptians	<u>Content specific</u> vocab-Viking and	Context specific vocab	Chichen Itza, sacrifice, headdress
	 Egypt, ancient, civilization, Pharaoh, mummification, pyramid, artefacts, tomb, Valley of the Kings, Tutankhamun, gods,	Anglo-Saxonstruggle for the Kingdom of England - Angles, Saxons, Jutes, Scandinavia, raids, raiders, invasion, resistance, kingdoms, Anglo-Saxons, unified, resources, jewellery, shields, culture, settlements, to Viking (verb), Vikings (noun), politics, community, Lindisfarne, Sutton Hoo,	<u>-Suffragettes</u> suffrage, suffragist, suffragette, movement, campaign, Women's Social and Political Union (WSPU), equality, equal rights, votes, parliament, peaceful protest, direct action, protest, drastic action, discrimination, prejudice, Emmeline Pankhurst, Emily Davison, Millie Fawcett, Ellen Chapman	<u>Content specific vocab-</u> <u>Study of an aspect or</u> <u>theme in British</u> <u>history that extends</u> <u>pupils' chronological</u> <u>knowledge beyond 1066</u> <u>WW2:</u> Allies, Axis Powers, Spitfire, Anderson shelter, propaganda, evacuation, evacuees, bomb, Germany, pillbox, Billeting Officer, Neville Chamberlain, VE Day, The Blitz, Adolf Hitler, gas mask, Winston Churchill, rationing, ration book,

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Lines of enquiry Who are my family? 'How have I changed since Iwas a baby?' Ready, steady celebratel "What can I remember about special events in my life?" Traditional Tales "Who was important in the past? How have homes changed?" Animals around us "How have farm machines changed?" Buckets and spades "How has Worthing beach changed?" "How has Worthing beach changed?" roject Loan books ole play and class ebates/discussions	Toys millough me uges.	Experiences - West Sussex fire rescue service visit *The museum of London exhibit and online resources *Drama workshop & GFOL experience day Project Loan books Role play and class debates <u>Events beyond living</u> <u>memory - The Great Fire</u> <u>of London</u> . <u>How did the Great Fire</u> <u>of London change</u> <u>London?</u> <u>Lines of enquiry</u> - 'What happened on the night of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> September 16662''Was it a mistake that started the Fire of London?' 'Why did the Fire of London	Experiences - Butser Farm *Portals to the Past - Egyptian workshop Project Loan books Role play and class debates <u>Lines of enquiry</u> - 'What was new about the new Stone Age?' 'Did Stone Age Man wear animal furs and carry a club?' 'Which is better bronze or iron?' 'When do you think it was better to live, the Stone Age, Bronze Age or Iron Age?'	Experiences – *Fishbourne Roman Palace Project Loan books Role play and class debates <u>Lines of enquiry</u> – 'If you were Julius Ceasar would you have invaded Britain?' 'Why do we remember Boudicca?' 'What was life like for a Roman in Britain?' 'What was life like for the Romans in Chichester and X?' 'What did the Romans leave us?'	<u>Experiences -</u> Sarah Nathaniel Commonwealth War Graves Commission (Suffragette workshop)	Experiences - *Museum Trip- Canadian war memorial Ferring Pill box WW2 Evacuation day Project Loan books Role play and class debates Lines of enquiry - 'Has it ever been right to fight?' 'How have wars changed over time?' 'Which wars have affected Britain?' 'What was the impact of som of Britain's wars on our local area?'
	"What is a castle?" "Have you ever visited one?" "Do we have any castles nearby?" "What features does a castle have?" "Who lived and/or worked in a	The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements	Achievements of the earliest civilizations and in depth Egypt Lines of enquiry - 'What were the earliest civilization?' 'What can we find out about the Ancient world?' 'Was everyone an Ancient Egyptian?' 'Why build the pyramids?' 'What did the Ancient Egyptians believe in?' 'Is the Egyptian creation story the same as ours?' Experiences - *Goodwood House- Awesome Egyptians(KS1 and 2), Egyptian dining room *The History Man * The British Museum	Britain's settlement by Anglo- Saxons and Scots - Lines of enquiry - Portals to the Past 'Who were the Anglo-Saxons?' 'Why did they come to Britain? Why leave where they were born?' 'What challenges faced the Anglo-Saxons and Scot when they settled in Britain?' 'Did the Saxons only want to destroy everything?' 'Was Saxon Britain the same at the end of 600 years as at the beginning?'	Ancient Greece - a studyof <u>Greek life and achievements</u> <u>and their</u> influence on the western <u>World</u> . Conflux Theatre Ancient Greelk Workshop <u>Lines of enquiry</u> - 'Who were the Ancient Greeks?' 'Can we learn anything from Greek myths and legends?' 'Can we thank the Ancient Greeks for anything in our lives today?'	<u>Maya civilization Lines of</u> <u>enquiry</u> – Portals to the past 'How different was Baghdad to London around 900AD?' 'What was the House of Wisdom?' 'What could we learn from Muslim medicine?' 'What did early Islamic Civilisation leave behind?'

The Historical Association and other online resources as well as library loans will enhance the experiences of all children.

